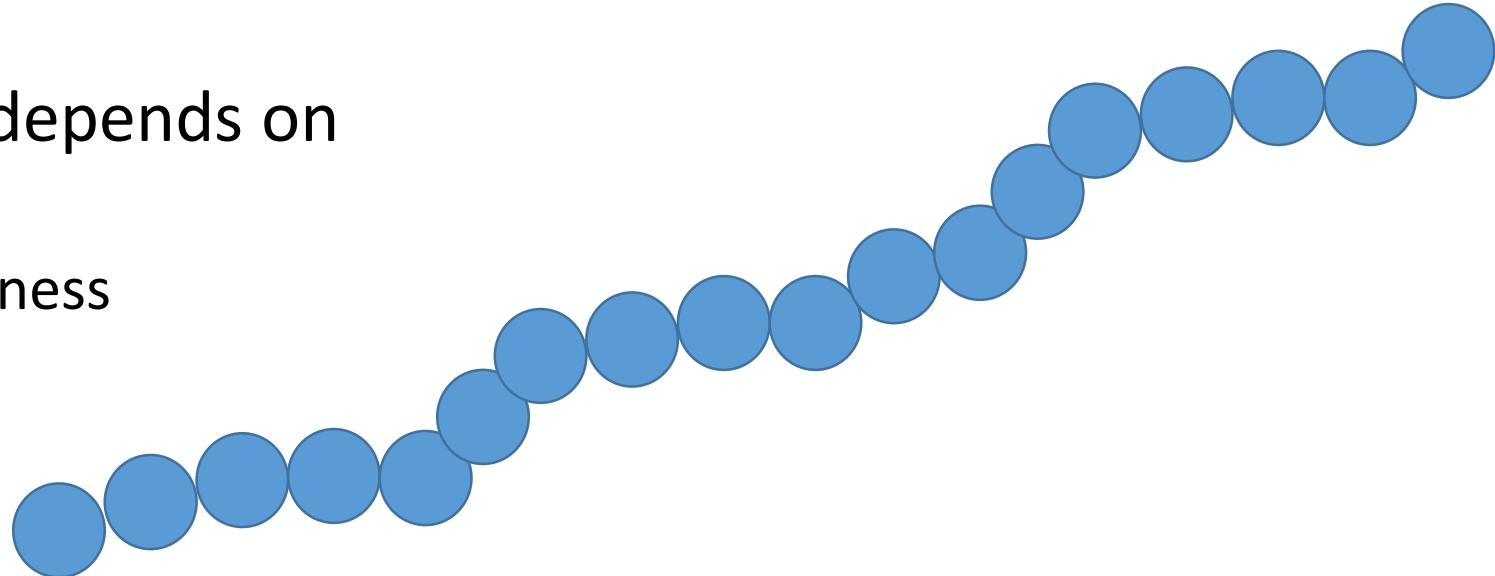


Lammps Tutorial 3&4

output control in lammps
data and restart files, analysis,
building more complex polymer system

Polymer chain dynamics

- Polymer dynamics depends on
 - Chain length
 - Chain bending stiffness
 - Entanglement
 - ...
- The simplest model for polymer chains: fully flexible model
 - Polymer monomers by beads
 - Neighbor monomers bonded by free joints (covalent bonds)

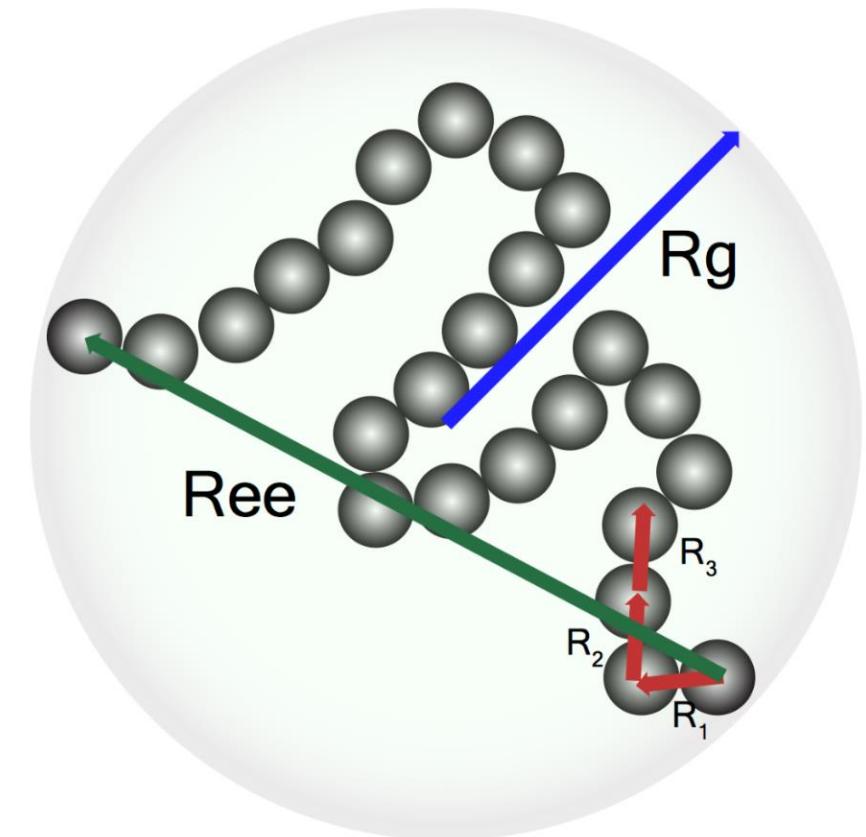


Tutorial 2: short analysis on one polymer chain and build polymer melt

Questions for this tutorial

1. Calculate system potential, and evaluate system state
2. Dependence of the radius of gyration (Rg) on the end-to-end distance (Ree)

$$Rg^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (\mathbf{r}_i - \mathbf{r}_{mean})^2$$



Units

Quantity	Reduced unit	SI unit
<i>Energy</i>	ε^*	$1.9665 \text{ kJ/mol} = 0.47 \text{ kcal/mol}$
<i>Length</i>	σ^*	0.45 nm
<i>Mass</i>	m^*	$56.11 \text{ amu} = 93.173 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
<i>Charge</i>	q^*	$1 \text{ e} = 1.602 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
<i>Time</i>	$\tau^* = \sigma^* \sqrt{m^*/\varepsilon^*}$	2.4037 ps
<i>Temperature</i>	$T^* = \varepsilon^*/k_B$	236.51 K
<i>Pressure</i>	$P^* = \varepsilon^*/\sigma^{*3}$	$358.35 \text{ bar} = 3.5835 \cdot 10^7 \text{ Pa}$
<i>Mass density</i>	$\rho^* = m^*/\sigma^{*3}$	1022.5 kg/m^3
<i>Number density</i>	$n^* = 1/\sigma^{*3}$	10.974 nm^{-3}
<i>Permittivity</i>	$\varepsilon_0^* = N_A \cdot q^{*2}/(\sigma^* \varepsilon^*)$	$1.7469 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ C}^2/\text{Nm}^2$

Print out system information

commands:

thermo_style custom step pe ke press vol etotal ...

http://lammps.sandia.gov/doc/thermo_style.html

thermo 50

http://lammps.sandia.gov/doc/thermo_style.html

```
# Polymer Chain input file

units          lj
atom_style    bond

read_data      datafile

pair_style     lj/cut 1.122461
pair_modify    shift yes
pair_coeff    1 1 1.0 1.0 1.122461

bond_style     fene
bond_coeff   * 30.0 1.5 1.0 1.0

#dump          1 all atom 100 traj.lammpstrj

timestep       0.01
velocity       all create 1.0 12345

fix            1 all nvt temp 1.0 1.0 100
run             50000
```

Write out data and restart files

commands:

write_data datafile

https://lammps.sandia.gov/doc/write_data.html

write_restart restart_file

https://lammps.sandia.gov/doc/write_restart.html

restart 1000 system.restart

<https://lammps.sandia.gov/doc/restart.html>

What is in the restart file:

System unit, atom style,
simulation box information,
boundary condition,
group definition,
atom type and properties,
force field parameters,
bonding information among atoms.

Restart a simulation from a restart file

Read in restart file:

read_restart restart_file

https://lammps.sandia.gov/doc/read_restart.html

Comment out not required information from your input file and run.

What is in the restart file:

**System unit, atom style,
simulation box information,
boundary condition,
group definition,
atom type and properties,
force field parameters,
bonding information among atoms.**

Calculate end-to-end distance

commands:

variable a1 equal x[1]-x[20]

variable a2 equal y[1]-y[20]

variable a3 equal z[1]-z[20]

*variable dist_sq equal v_a1*v_a1+v_a2*v_a2+v_a3*v_a3*

variable dist equal sqrt(v_dist_sq)

Using thermos_style to print it out

thermo_style custom step v_dist

```
# Polymer Chain input file
units          lj
atom_style     bond
read_data      datafile
pair_style     lj/cut 1.122461
pair_modify    shift yes
pair_coeff    1 1 1.0 1.0 1.122461
bond_style     fene
bond_coeff    * 30.0 1.5 1.0 1.0
#dump          1 all atom 100 traj.lammpstrj
timestep       0.01
velocity       all create 1.0 12345
fix            1 all nvt temp 1.0 1.0 100
run             50000
```

Define variables and out put

Calculation end-to-end distance

variable a1 equal x[1]-x[20]

variable a2 equal y[1]-y[20]

variable a3 equal z[1]-z[20]

*variable dist_sq equal v_a1*v_a1+v_a2*v_a2+v_a3*v_a3*

variable dist equal sqrt(v_dist_sq)

Output to an individual file

variable r1 equal step

variable r2 equal v_dist

fix extra all print 100 "{\$r1} {\$r2}" file distance.xvg screen no

Calculate radius of gyration

commands:

Compute gyr all gyration

Using thermos_style to print it out

thermo_style custom step c_gyr

Group concept in Lammps

<http://lammps.sandia.gov/doc/group.html>

Question:

Calculate end-to-end distances (I) and radius of gyration (r) of polymer chains of :

5 beads

10 beads

40 beads

50 beads

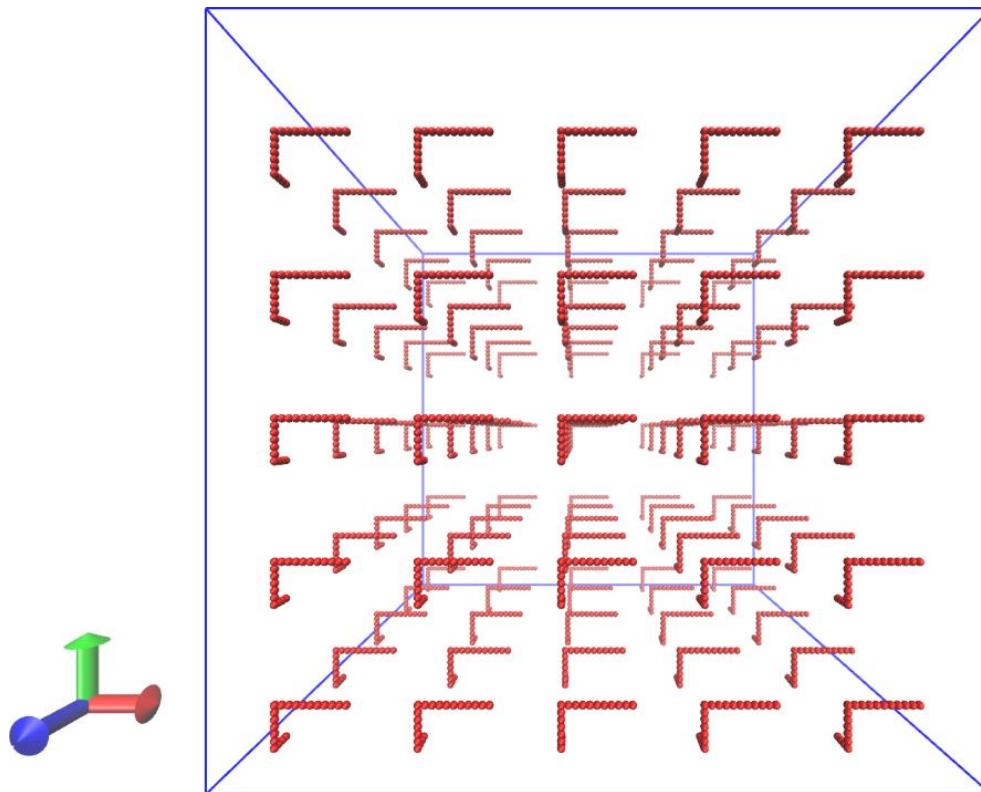
and try to find the relationship between r and I .

Polymer data files:

<http://folk.ntnu.no/senbox/polymer/>

Making bigger systems

replicate command in Lammmps: *replicate 2 2 2*



Manipulate simulation system

Rescale simulation box: [change_box](#)

Variable i in loop 40

label loop

change_box all x scale 1.02 remap

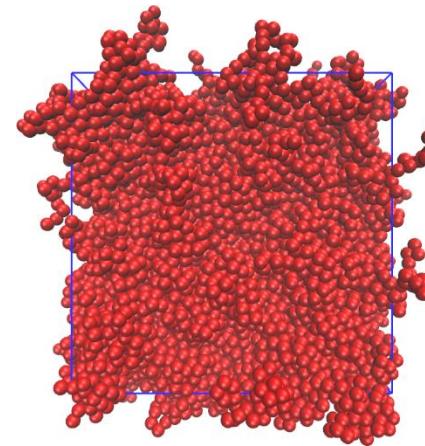
change_box all y scale 1.02 remap

change_box all z scale 1.02 remap

run 1000

next i

jump input loop



Question:

Print out system density during the simulation,
And try to make the system density to be 0.85